the legitimate interests of the parties involved. Indi$_a$ supports the UN Secretary General's initiative in this regard.

Broad banding in electronics

1241. SHRIMATI KRISHNA KAUL: Will the PRIME MINISTER b$_e$ pleased to state;

(a) whether Government have permitted broad banding in several categories ol electronics; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OP STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF OCEAN DEVE-. LOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY AND SPACE (SHRI SHIVRAJ PATIL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The details are given in the Press Note issued by Ministry of Industry and Company Affairs, Deparment of Industrial Development on 25-10-1985 in the enclosed statement. Government of India

Statement

Government of India

Deptt, of Industrial Development

PRESS NOTE NO. 29

(19S5 Series)

Broad banding in electronic industry

Keeping in view tha fact that in respect of certain specified industries, design and production facilities are common for many aggregates. Govenment have already announced schemes of broad banding \n respect of 24 industries. In regard to electronic industry as a part of integrated policy for electronics, which was announced in March, 1985, it was indicated th it broad banded approval* -would b! issued for certain specified electronic items. In purruance to that it has now been decided to permit broad banding in the electronic industry under the following categories:—

i. Enter)ainment electronics, covering radio receivers, tape recorders, two-in-one/thre^-in-one, amplifiers, record players, record changer CC TV systems, TV sets—black and white and colour.

ii. Electronic Toys, including radio-controlled ones and games.

iii. Computer peripherals.

iv. Electronic test and measuring instruments.

v. Discrete semi-conductor devi- force from time to time.

Broad banding in the case of black >nd white and colour TV receivers in respect of foreign equity companies v'!! be subject to licensing policy in force from time to time.

2. Companies can new apply for manufacture of a broad category of these items instead of narrowly defined individual items, subject to the following conditions:—

1. Broad banding will be. permitted only within the existing approved capacity and in the sub-category, as indicated above.

2. The scheme of board banding will not b$_e$ available to an item, if reserved for small scale. However, in the case of an existing industrial undertaking already manufacturing a reserved item, the capacity will be pegged to the levels for which the unit is already licensed for such reserved item.

3. The import of components will be subject to the provisions of Import Policy in force. In. the case of components which ar$_e$ on OGL, it will be necessary fo$_r$ the entrepreneur to get the phased manufacturing programme approved by Government.

4. Companies having an existing letter of intent/Industrial Licence, may apply for a change of description of the item of manufacture mentioned therein to the relevant sub-category. For this purpose, Non-MRTP/Non-FERA companies may submit a simple application in 6 copies to the concerned Joint Secretary, Department of Electronics. No fee is required to be paid. The MRTP/FERA companies will however, be required to make an application to the Secretariat for Industrial Approvals in Form TL' as in the case of new licences °r substantial expansion, with the requisite number of additional copies together with the prescribed fee.

5. The application should clearly indicate the nature of items/products which are being manufactured at present and th$_e$ required sub-category of products which are required to be endorsed on the licence. The additional investment, if required, is also to be clearly indicated,

6. The broad categorisation mentioned above is fo$_r$ the purpose oi industrial licensing. The units should continue to report production statistics in accordance with the existing classification prescribed by DGTD.

7. Government trust that this flexibility will facilitate fuller utilisation of existing capacity resulting in higher volume of production at lower costs.

No. 10/118/85-L.P.

New Delhi, the 25th October, 1985

The Press Information Bureau is requested kindly to give wide publicity to the above press note.

Sd/-
(P. K. S. IYER)
Director.

Press Information Bureau,
.Shastri Bhavan, •
New Delhi.

Imposition of U.K. vis$_a$ rules On Indians

1242. SHRI RAMANAND YADAV- Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS b$_e$ pleased Io state.-

(a) whether Government are aware that the UK Government has imposed visa rules on Indians;

(b) whether Government are also aware that a larger number of Indians going to U.K. are detained in three immigration camps i$_n$ U.K. for the last two years; and

(c) whether the Government of India have discussed this problem with the U.K. Government; if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) No, Sir.

fb) Of the some 170,000 Indian nationals who visited the U.K. in 1934, only 454 were denied immediate entry, and detained overnight in U.K. immigration Detention Centres.

(c) Consular and Immigration matters affecting Indian nationals visiting the U-K. have been discussed with the British authorities on several occasions. Du'ring Prime Minister's visit to London in October, 1985, this was again taken up with the British authorities. We have been assured that the British authorities would implement the Immigration Laws in a fair and human manner.

Exchange of firing between Pakistani and Indian troops

1243. SHRI J. P. GOYAL;
SHRI K. VASUDEVA PANICKER ;
SHRT GAYA CHAND BHUYAN-.

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that heavy exchange* of firing bet-